Remember

sometimes known screening tests – as smear tests – will NOT detect ovarian cancer. Cervical

who have gone through of ovarian cancer are diagnosed in women the menopause. But younger women can also get ovarian Most cases

cent for women in the detected, the easier UK diagnosed at the it is to treat. Survival can be up to 90 per ovarian cancer is earliest stage. The sooner

ovarian cancer but new unlikely in women over such as irritable bowel symptoms similar to cases of IBS are very syndrome (IBS) have Other conditions the age of 50.

Contact us

early diagnosis, fund life-saving research and provide much-needed support to women with ovarian cancer charity. We work to improve arget Ovarian Cancer is the UK's leading ovarian cancer.

information, support and signposting for anyone Our nurse-led Support Line provides confidential concerned about ovarian cancer.

020 7923 5475 **Support Line**



Help us raise awareness by ordering and sharing copies of this leaflet.

- **Support Line: 020 7923 5475**
- info@targetovariancancer.org.uk 0
- targetovariancancer.org.uk



TargetOvarianCancer



@Target0varian



TARGET OVARIAN CANCER

TARGET OVARIAN CANCER Always feeling Needing to wee more? full? tummy? Bloated

the symptoms of Worried about ovarian cancer?



"My tunny had become increasingly bloated over some months and I needed the toilet more

I finally visited my GP when I could only eat half a sandwich because I felt so full. I had honestly thought there was nothing wrong, I'd explained away each symptom as a minor problem.

My message is to know what is normal for your body, be symptom aware and visit your GP to get checked. It could be nothing but that visit could save your life."

Sue

Ovarian cancer symptoms



Persistent bloating



Feeling full quickly and/or loss of appetite



Pelvic or abdominal pain (that's your tummy and below)



Urinary symptoms (needing to wee more urgently or more often than usual)

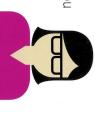
Occasionally there can be other symptoms:

- Changes in bowel habit (eg diarrhoea or constipation)
- Extreme fatigue (feeling very tired)
- Unexplained weight loss

Any bleeding after the menopause should always be investigated by a GP.

Ovarian cancer symptoms are:

- frequent they usually happen more than 12 times a month
- persistent they don't go away
- new they are not normal for you





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Worried about your symptoms?

If you regularly experience any one or more of these symptoms, which are not normal for you, it is important that you see your GP. It is unlikely that your symptoms are caused by a serious problem, but it is important to be checked out.

Prepare for your GP appointment

Track your symptoms using our free ovarian cancer Symptoms Diary (available in print or as an app). Find it at targetovariancancer.org.uk/symptomsdiary



 Find out about your family history. Tell your GP if two or more relatives in your close family have had ovarian or breast cancer

What tests might your GP do?

- If your symptoms are frequent and persistent your GP should order a CA125 blood test
- They may also order ultrasound scans of your tummy and ovaries

What next?

- Ask your GP what the next steps are
- Be persistent! Return to the GP or seek a second opinion within a couple of weeks if your symptoms don't go away

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Next planned review: June 2020

To access our list of references please contact us. Target Ovarian Cancer is a company limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales (No. 6619981). Registered office: 2 Angel Gate, London EC1V 2PT. Registered Charity numbers 1125038

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